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Total Depravity

The Carnal Mind at Enmity Against God
A Sermon Delivered on Lord's Day Morning
April 22, 1855 at Exeter Hall Strand

“The carnal mind is enmity against God.”
Romans 8:7

This is a very solemn indictment that the apostle Paul here speaks against the carnal mind. He declares it to be enmity against God. When we consider what man once was, second only to the angels, the companion of God who walked with Him in the Garden of Eden in the cool of the day; when we think of him as being made in the very image of his Creator, pure, spotless and unblemished, we cannot but feel bitterly grieved to find such an accusation as this declared against us as a race. We may well hang our harps upon the willows while we listen to the voice of Jehovah, solemnly speaking to His rebellious creature, “How are you fallen from heaven, you son of the morning!” “You seal up the sum, full of wisdom and perfect in beauty. You have been in Eden, the garden of God. Every precious stone was your covering. The workmanship of

your fleshly tabrets and of your pipes was prepared in you in the day that you were created. You are the anointed cherub that covers, and I have set you so. You were upon the holy mountain of God. You have walked up and down in the midst of the stones of fire. You were perfect in your ways from the day that you were created till iniquity was found in you and you sinned. Therefore, I will cast you as profane out of the mountain of God and will destroy you, O covering cherub, from the midst of the stones of fire” (Ezekiel 28:16).

There is much to sadden us in a view of the ruins of our race. As the Carthaginian who might tread the desolate site of his much-loved city would shed many tears when he saw it laid in heaps by the Romans, or as the Jew, wandering through the deserted streets of Jerusalem, would lament that the plowshare had marred the beauty and the glory of that city which was the joy of the whole earth, so ought we to mourn for ourselves and our race when we behold the ruins of that goodly structure that God has made—that creature, matchless in symmetry, second only to angelic intellect, that mighty being, man—when we behold how he is fallen, fallen, fallen, from his high estate and lies in a mass of destruction.

A few years ago a star was seen blazing out with considerable brilliance, but soon disappeared. It has since been affirmed that it was a world on fire, thousands of millions of miles from us, and yet the rays of

the conflagration reached us. The noiseless messenger of light gave to the distant dwellers on this globe the alarm of a world on fire! But what is the conflagration of a distant planet, what is the destruction of the mere material of the most ponderous orb, compared with this fall of humanity, this wreck of all that is holy and sacred in ourselves? To us, indeed, the things are scarcely comparable since we are deeply interested in one though not in the other. The fall of Adam was our fall. We fell in and with him. We were equal sufferers. It is the ruin of our own house that we lament. It is the destruction of our own city that we bemoan when we stand and see written in lines too plain for us to mistake their meaning, “the carnal mind.” That very same mind that was once holiness and has now become carnal “is enmity against God.” May God help me this morning to solemnly speak this indictment against you all! Oh, that the Holy Spirit may so convince us of sin that we may unanimously plead “guilty” before God!

There is no difficulty in understanding my text; it scarcely needs any explanation. We all know that the word “carnal” here signifies “fleshly.” The old translators rendered the passage thus, “The mind of the flesh is enmity against God.” That is to say, the natural mind, that soul we inherit from our fathers, that which was born within us when our bodies were fashioned by God. The fleshly mind, the lusts, the passions of the soul, it is this that has gone astray from God and become enmity against Him!

But before we enter upon a discussion of the doctrine of the text, observe how strongly the Apostle expresses it. “The carnal mind,” he says, “is ENMITY against God.” He uses a noun and not an adjective. He does not say it is merely opposed to God, but it is positive enmity! It is not black but blackness. It is not *at* enmity but *enmity* itself. It is not corrupt but corruption. It is not rebellious; it is rebellion; it is not wicked, it is wickedness itself. The heart, though it is deceitful, is positively deceit. It is evil in the concrete, sin in the essence. It is the distillation, the quintessence of all things that are vile. It is not envious against God, it is *envy*. It is not *at* enmity, it is *actual* enmity.

Nor need we say a word to explain that it is “enmity *against* God.” It does not charge manhood with an aversion merely to the dominion, laws, or doctrines of Jehovah. It strikes a deeper and surer blow. It does not strike man upon the head, but it penetrates into his heart. It lays the axe at the root of the tree and pronounces man, “enmity *against* God.” Against the Person of the Godhead, against the Deity, against the mighty Maker of this world—not at enmity against His Bible or against His gospel—though that is true, but against God Himself, against His essence, His existence, and His person!

Let us then weigh the words of the text, for they are solemn words. They are well put together by that master of eloquence, Paul. They were, moreover, dictated by the Holy Spirit, who tells man how to speak aright.

May He help us to expound, as He has already given us the passage to explain.

We shall be called upon to notice this morning, first, the truthfulness of this assertion; second, the universality of the evil here complained of; third, we will still further enter into the depths of the subject and press it to your hearts by showing the enormity of the evil. And after that, should we have time, we will deduce one or two doctrines from the general fact.

1. First, we are called upon to speak of the truthfulness of this great statement, "the carnal mind is enmity against God." It needs no proof for, since it is written in God's Word, we as Christian men and women are bound to bow before it. The words of the Scriptures are words of infinite wisdom, and if reason cannot see the ground of a statement of revelation, it is bound, most reverently, to believe it, since we are well-assured, even should it be above our reason, that it cannot be contrary to it! Here I find it written in the Scriptures, "the carnal mind is enmity against God." And that of itself is enough for me. But did I need witnesses, I would conjure up the nations of antiquity. I would unroll the volumes of ancient history. I would tell you of the awful deeds of mankind. It may be I might move your souls to detestation if I spoke of the cruelty of this race to itself, if I showed you how it made the world an Aceldama [a potter's field] by its wars and deluged it with blood by its fights and murders! If I should recite the blacklist of vices in which

whole nations have indulged or even bring before you the characters of some of the most eminent philosophers, I would blush to speak of them and you would refuse to hear. Yes, it would be impossible for you, as refined inhabitants of a civilized country, to endure the mention of the crimes that were committed by those very men who nowadays are held up as being paragons of perfection! I fear if all the truth were written, we would rise up from reading the lives of earth's mighty heroes and proudest sages and would say at once of all of them, "They are clean gone mad! They are altogether become unprofitable. There is none that does good. No, not one!"

And did not that suffice, I would point you to the delusions of the heathen. I would tell you of their priestcraft by which their souls have been enthralled in superstition. I would drag their gods before you. I would let you witness the horrid obscenities, the diabolical rites that are to these besotted men most sacred things! Then, after you had heard what the natural religion of man is, I would ask what must his irreligion is? If this is his devotion, what must be his impiety? If this is his ardent love of the Godhead, what must his hatred thereof be? You would, I am sure, at once confess, did you know what the race is, that the indictment is proven and that the world must unreservedly and truthfully exclaim, "guilty."

A further argument I might find in the fact that the best of men have been always the most ready to confess

their depravity. The holiest men, the freest from impurity, have always felt it most. He whose garments are the whitest will best perceive the spots upon them. He whose crown shines the brightest will know when he has lost a jewel. He who gives the most light to the world will always be able to discover his own darkness. The angels of heaven veil their faces. And the angels of God on earth, His chosen people, must always veil their faces with humility when they think of what they were! Hear David. He was none of those who boast of a holy nature and a pure disposition. He says, "Behold, I was shapen in iniquity; and in sin did my mother conceive me" (Psalm 51:5). Hear all those holy men who have written in the inspired Volume and you shall find them all confessing that they were not clean, no, not one. Yes, one of them even exclaimed, "O wretched man that I am! Who shall deliver me from the body of this death?" (Romans 7:24)

And more, I will summon one other witness to the truthfulness of this act who shall decide the question. It shall be your conscience. Conscience, I will put you in the witness box and cross-examine you this morning! Conscience, answer truly! Do not be drugged with the opium of self-security! Speak the truth! Did you ever hear the heart say, "I wish there were no God?" Have not all men at times wished that our religion were not true? Though they could not entirely rid their souls of the idea of the Godhead, did they not wish that there might not be God? Have they not had the

desire that it might turn out that all these divine realities were a delusion, a farce?

“Yes,” says every man, “that has crossed my mind sometimes. I have wished I might indulge in folly. I have wished there were no laws to restrain me. I have wished, as the fool, that there were no God.”

That passage in the psalms, “The fool has said in his heart, there is no God” (Psalm 14:1), is wrongly translated. It should be, “The fool has said in his heart, *no God.*” The fool does not say in his heart *there is* no God, for he knows there is a God. Rather he says, “No God. I don’t want any. I wish there were none.” And who among us has not been so foolish as to desire that there were no God?

Now, conscience, answer another question! You have confessed that you have at times wished there were no God. Now, suppose a man wished another person dead. Would that not show that he hated him? Yes, it would. And so, my friends, the wish that there were no God proves that we dislike God! When I wish such a man dead and rotting in his grave, when I desire that he were *non est*, I must hate that man—otherwise I would not wish him to be extinct. So that wish—and I do not think there has been a man in this world who has not had it—proves that “the carnal mind is enmity against God.”

But, conscience, I have another question. Has not your heart ever desired, since there *is* a God, that He were a little less holy, a little less pure, so that those

things which are now great crimes might be regarded as venial offenses, as peccadilloes? Has your heart ever said, "Would to God these sins were not forbidden. Would that He would be merciful and pass them by without an atonement! Would that He were not so severe, so rigorously just, so sternly strict to His integrity"? Have you never said that, my heart? Conscience must reply, "you have." Well, that wish to *change* God proves that you are not in love with the God that now is—the God of heaven and earth! And though you may talk of natural religion and boast that you reverence to the God of the green fields, the grassy meads, the swelling flood, the rolling thunder, the azure sky, the starry night and the great universe; though you love the poetic ideal of Deity, it is not the God of Scripture. For you have wished to change His nature, and in that you have proved that you are at enmity with Him!

So where do we go from here? You can bear faithful witness if you would speak the truth that each person here has so transgressed against God, so continually broken His laws, violated His sabbath, trampled on His statutes, and despised His gospel, that it is true, yes, most true, that "the carnal mind is enmity against God."

2. Now, we are called upon to notice the universality of this evil. What a broad assertion it is! It is not a single carnal mind, or a certain class of characters, but "*the* carnal mind." It is an unqualified statement including every individual. Whatever mind may properly

be called carnal, not having been spiritualized by the power of God's Holy Spirit, is "enmity against God."

Observe then, first of all, the universality of this as to all persons. Every carnal mind in the world is at enmity against God! This does not exclude even infants at the mother's breast. We call them innocent, and so they are of actual transgression, but as Samuel Taylor Coleridge says in "The Rhyme of the Ancient Mariner", "Within the youngest breast there lies a stone." There is in the carnal mind of an infant enmity against God. It is not developed, but it lies there. Some say that children learn sin by imitation. But no, take a child away, place it under the most pious influences, let the very air it breathes be purified by piety, let it constantly drink in draughts of holiness. Let it hear nothing but the voice of prayer and praise. Let its ears be always kept in tune by notes of sacred song—and that child, notwithstanding, may still become one of the grossest of transgressors! And though placed apparently on the very road to heaven, it shall, if not directed by divine grace, march downwards to the pit of hell! Oh, how true it is that some who have had the best of parents have been the worst of children, that many who have been trained up under the most holy auspices, in the midst of most favorable scenes of piety, have, nevertheless, become loose and wanton! So it is not by imitation, but it is by *nature* that the child is evil! Grant me that the child is carnal and my text says, "The carnal mind is enmity against God."

The young crocodile, I have heard, when broken from the shell, will in a moment begin to put itself in a posture of attack, opening its mouth as if it had been taught and trained. We know that young lions, when tamed and domesticated, will still have the wild nature of their fellows of the forest and, were liberty given them, would prey as fiercely as others. So it is with the child. You may bind him with the green twines of education; you may do what you will with him, but you cannot change his heart! That carnal mind shall still be at enmity against God. And notwithstanding intellect, talent and all you may give to boot, it shall be of the same sinful complexion as every other child, if not as apparently evil, for “the carnal mind is enmity against God.”

And if this applies to children, equally does it include every class of men. There are some men who are born into this world master spirits. They walk about it as giants, wrapped in mantles of light and glory. I refer to the poets, men who stand aloft like Colossi, mightier than we, seeming to be descended from celestial spheres. There are others of acute intellect who, searching into mysteries of science, discover things that have been hidden from the creation of the world! Men of keen research and mighty erudition and yet of each of these—poet, philosopher, metaphysician and great discoverer—it can be said, “The carnal mind is enmity against God.” You may train him up; you may make his intellect almost angelic; you may strengthen his

soul until he shall take what are riddles to us and unravel them with his fingers in a moment. You may make him so mighty that he can grasp the iron secrets of the eternal hills and grind them to atoms in his fist. You may give him an eye so keen that he can penetrate the deep secrets of rocks and mountains. You may add a soul so potent that he may slay the giant sphinx that had for ages troubled the mightiest men of learning. Yet when you have done all this, his mind shall be a depraved one and his carnal heart shall still be in opposition to God. Yes, more, you may bring him to the house of prayer. You may make him sit constantly under the clearest preaching of the Word of God where he shall hear the doctrines of grace in all their purity, attended by a holy unction. But if that holy unction does not rest upon him, all shall be vain. He shall attend most regularly, but like the pious door of the chapel that turns in and out, he shall still be the same, having an outside superficial religion and his carnal mind shall still be at enmity against God.

Now, this is not my assertion. It is the declaration of God's Word, and you must leave it if you do not believe it! But do not quarrel with me; it is my Master's message and it is true of every one of you—men, women and children and myself, too—that if we have not been regenerated and converted, if we have not experienced a change of heart, our carnal mind is still at enmity against God!

Again, notice the universality of this, at all times. The carnal mind is at all times enmity against God. “Oh,” some say, “it may be true that we are at times opposed to God, but surely we are not *always* so.” “There are moments,” says one, “when I feel rebellious. At times my passions lead me astray. But surely there are other favorable seasons when I really am friendly to God and offer true devotion. I have (continues the objector) stood upon the mountaintop until my whole soul has kindled with the scene below and my lips have uttered the song of praise—

“These are Your glorious works, parent of good,
Almighty, Yours this universal frame,

Thus wondrous fair,
Yourself how wondrous then!”

(John Milton, *Paradise Lost*, Book V. Lines 153–154)

Yes, but mark it. What is true one day is not false another, “the carnal mind is enmity against God” at all times! The wolf may sleep but it is still a wolf. The snake with its azure hues may slumber amid the flowers and the child may stroke its slimy back, but it is still a serpent. It does not change its nature though it is dormant. The sea is the house of storms even when it is glassy as a lake. The thunder is still the mighty rolling thunder when it is so much aloft that we do not

hear it. And the heart, when we do not perceive its boiling, when it does not belch forth its lava and does not send forth the hot stones of its corruption, is still the same dread volcano! At all times, at all hours, at every moment, (I speak this as God speaks it) if you are carnal, you are, each one of you, enmity against God!

Another thought concerning the universality of this statement: The whole of the mind is enmity against God. The text says, "The carnal mind is enmity against God," that is, the entire man, every part of him, every power, every passion. It is a question often asked, "What part of man was injured by the Fall?" Some think that the Fall was only felt by the affections and that the intellect was unimpaired. This they argue from the wisdom of man and the mighty discoveries he has made, such as the law of gravity, the steam engine, and the sciences. Now I consider these things as being a very mean display of wisdom compared with what is to come in the next hundred years, and very small compared with what might have been if man's intellect had continued in its pristine condition. I believe the Fall crushed man entirely! Albeit, when it rolled like an avalanche upon the mighty temple of human nature, some shafts were still left undestroyed and amidst the ruins you find here and there a flute, a pedestal, a cornice, a column not quite broken—yet the entire structure fell and its most glorious relics are fallen ones, leveled in the dust.

The whole of man is defaced. Look at our memory. Is it not true that the memory is fallen? I can recollect evil things far better than those that savor of piety. I hear a ribald song and that same music of hell shall jar in my ear when gray hairs shall be upon my head! But I hear a note of holy praise; alas, it is forgotten! Memory grasps with an iron hand ill things, but the good she holds with feeble fingers. She allows the glorious timbers from the forest of Lebanon to swim down the stream of oblivion, but she stops all the dross that floats from the foul city of Sodom! She will retain evil; she will lose good. Memory is fallen.

So are the affections. We love everything earthly better than we ought. We soon fix our heart upon a creature but very seldom upon the Creator. And when the heart is given to Jesus, it is prone to wander. Look at the imagination, too. Oh, how can the imagination revel when the body is in an ill condition! Only give man something that shall well near intoxicate him. Drug him with opium and how his imagination will dance with joy! Like a bird uncaged, how will it mount with more than eagles' wings! He sees things he had not dreamed of even in the shades of night. Why did not his imagination work when his body was in a normal state, when it was healthy? Simply because it is depraved! And until he had entered a foul element, until the body had begun to quiver with a kind of intoxication, the fancy would not hold its carnival.

We have some splendid specimens of what men could write when they have been under the accursed influence of ardent spirits. It is because the mind is so depraved that it loves something that puts the body into an abnormal condition. And here we have proof that the imagination itself has gone astray.

So it is with the judgment. I might prove how ill it decides. So might I accuse the conscience and tell you how blind it is and how it winks at the greatest follies. I might review all our powers and write upon the brow of each one, "Traitor against Heaven! Traitor against God!" The whole "carnal mind is enmity against God."

Now, my hearers, "the Bible, alone, is the religion of Protestants." But whenever I find a certain book much held in reverence by our Episcopalian brethren entirely on my side, I always feel the greatest delight in quoting from it. Do you know I am one of the best churchmen in the world, the very best, if you will judge me by the Articles, and the very worst if you measure me in any other way? Measure me by the Articles of the Church of England and I will not stand second to any man under heaven's blue sky in preaching the gospel contained in them! For if there is an excellent epitome of the gospel it is to be found in the Articles of the Church of England.

Let me show you that you have not been hearing strange doctrine. Here is the 9th Article upon original or birth Sin. "Original sin stands not in the following of Adam (as the Pelagians vainly talk), but it is the fault

and corruption of the nature of *every man* that naturally is engendered of the offspring of Adam. Whereby man is very far gone from original righteousness and is of his own nature inclined to evil, so that the flesh lusts always contrary to the spirit. And therefore, in every person born into this world, it deserves God's wrath and damnation. And this infection of nature remains, yes, in those who are regenerated, whereby the lust of the flesh, called in the Greek, *phronema sarkos* which some expound the wisdom, some sensuality, some the affection, some the desire of the flesh, is not subject to the law of God. And although there is no condemnation for those who believe and are baptized, yet the apostle does confess that concupiscence and lust have of themselves the nature of sin." I need nothing more! Will anyone who believes in the Prayer Book dissent from the doctrine that "the carnal mind is enmity against God"?

3. I have said that I would endeavor in the third place, to show the great enormity of this guilt. I fear, my brothers and sisters, that very often when we consider our state we do not think so much of the guilt as of the misery. I have sometimes read sermons upon the inclination of the sinner to evil in which it has been very powerfully proven, and certainly the pride of human nature has been well humbled and brought low. But one thing always strikes me, if it is left out, as being a very great omission—the doctrine that man is *guilty* in all these things! If his heart is against God, we

ought to tell him it is his *sin*. And if he cannot repent, we ought to show him that sin is the sole cause of his disability, that all his alienation from God is sin, and that as long as he keeps from God it is sin!

I fear many of us here must acknowledge that we do not charge the sin of it to our own consciences. Yes, we say, we have many corruptions. Oh, yes. But we sit down very contented. My brothers and sisters, we ought not to do so. Having those corruptions is our crime that should be confessed as an enormous evil. If I, as a minister of the gospel, do not press home the sin of the thing, I have missed what is the very virus of it. I have left out the very essence if I have not shown that it is a crime.

Now, “the carnal mind is enmity against God.” What a sin it is! This will appear in two ways. Consider the relation in which we stand to God and then remember what God is. And after I have spoken of these two things, I hope you will see, indeed, that it is a sin to be at enmity with God!

What is God to us? He is the Creator of the heavens and the earth. He bears up the pillars of the universe. His breath perfumes the flowers. His brush paints them. He is the Author of this fair creation. “We are the sheep of His pasture. He has made us and not we ourselves” (Psalm 100:3). He stands to us in the relationship of a Maker and Creator, and from that fact He claims to be our King. He is our Legislator, our Law-Maker. And then, to make our crime still worse

and worse, He is the Ruler of Providence, for it is He who keeps us daily. He supplies our needs. He keeps the breath within our nostrils. He bids the blood still pursue its course through the veins. He holds us in life and prevents us from death. He stands before us, our Creator, our King, our Sustainer, our Benefactor. And I ask, is it not a sin of enormous magnitude, is it not high treason against the Emperor of Heaven, is it not an awful sin, the depth of which we cannot fathom with the line of all our judgment, that we, His creatures, dependent upon Him, should be at enmity with Him?

But the crime may be seen to be worse when we think of *what God is*. Let me appeal personally to you in an interrogatory style, for this has weight with it. Sinner! Why are you at enmity with God? God is the God of Love. He is kind to His creatures. He regards you with His love of benevolence. This very day His sun has shone upon you. This day you have had food and raiment and you have come up here in health and strength. Do you hate God because He loves you? Is that the reason? Consider how many mercies you have received at His hands all your lives long! You are born with a body that is not deformed; you have had a tolerable share of health. You have been recovered many times from sickness. When lying at the gates of death, His arm has held back your soul from the last step to destruction. Do you hate God for all this? Do you hate Him because He spared your life by His tender mercy?

Behold His goodness that He has spread before you! He might have sent you to hell but you are here. Now, do you hate God for sparing you? Oh, why are you at enmity with Him? My fellow creature, do you not know that God sent His Son from His bosom, hung Him on the tree, and there allowed Him to die for sinners, the Just for the unjust? And do you hate God for that? O sinner, is this the cause of your enmity? Are you so estranged that you give enmity for love? And when He surrounds you with favors, girds you with mercies, encircles you with lovingkindness, do you hate Him for this? He might say as Jesus did to the Jews, "For which of these works do you stone Me?" (John 10:32). For which of these works do you hate God? If an earthly benefactor fed you, would you hate him? If he clothed you, would you abuse him to his face? If he gave you talents, would you turn those powers against him? Oh, speak! Would you forge the iron and strike the dagger into the heart of your best friend? Do you hate your mother who nursed you on her knee? Do you curse your father who so wisely watched over you? No, you say, we have some little gratitude towards earthly relatives. Where are your hearts then? Where are your hearts that you can still despise God and be at enmity with Him? Oh, diabolical crime! Oh, Satanic enormity! Oh, iniquity for which words fail in description! To hate the all-lovely, to despise the essentially good, to abhor the constantly merciful, to spurn the ever-beneficent, to scorn the King, the Gracious One!

Above all, to hate the God who sent His Son to die for man! Ah, in that thought, “the carnal mind is enmity against God,” there is something that may make us shake. For it is a terrible sin to be at enmity with God. I wish I could speak more powerfully, but only my Master can impress upon you the enormous evil of this horrid state of heart!

4. But there are one or two doctrines that we will try to deduce from this. Is the carnal mind at enmity against God? Then salvation cannot be by merit; it must be by grace. If we are at enmity with God, what merit can we have? How can we deserve anything from the Being we hate? Even if we were as pure as Adam, we could not have any merit. For I do not think Adam had any desert before his Creator. When he had kept all his Master’s law, he was but an unprofitable servant. He had done no more than he ought to have done. He had no surplus, no balance. But since we have become enemies, how much less can we hope to be saved by works! Oh, no. The whole Bible tells us from beginning to end that salvation is not by the works of the law but by the deeds of grace. Martin Luther declared that he constantly preached justification by faith alone “because,” he said, “the people would forget it. So that I was obliged almost to knock my Bible against their heads to send it into their hearts.”

So it is true, we constantly forget that salvation is by grace alone. We always want to be putting in some little scrap of our own virtue. We want to be *doing* some-

thing. I remember a saying of old Matthew Wilkes, "Saved by your works? You might as well try to go to America in a paper boat!" Saved by your works? It is impossible! Oh, no! The poor legalist is like a blind horse going round and round the mill, or like the prisoner going up the treadmill and finding himself no higher after all he has done. He has no solid confidence, no firm ground to rest upon. He has not done enough, never enough. Conscience always says, "This is not perfection. It ought to have been better." Salvation for enemies must be by an ambassador, by an atonement, yes, by Christ.

Another doctrine we gather from this is the necessity of an entire change of our nature. It is true that by birth we are at enmity with God. How necessary then it is that our *nature* should be changed. There are few people who sincerely believe this. They think that if they cry, "Lord, have mercy upon me," when they lie a-dying, they shall go to heaven directly.

Let me suppose an impossible case for a moment. Let me imagine a man entering heaven without a change of heart. He comes within the gates. He hears a sonnet. He starts! It is to the praise of his Enemy. He sees a throne and on it sits one who is glorious, but it is his Enemy. He walks streets of gold, but those streets belong to his Enemy. He sees hosts of angels, but those hosts are the servants of his Enemy. He is in his Enemy's house, for he is at enmity with God! He could not join the song for he would not know the tune. There

he would stand, silent, motionless, till Christ should say with a voice louder than ten thousand thunders, "What are you doing here? Enemies at a marriage banquet? Enemies in the children's house? Enemies in heaven? Get you gone! Depart, you cursed, into everlasting fire in hell!" O sirs, if the unregenerate man could enter heaven, I mention once more the oft-repeated saying of Whitefield, "he would be so unhappy in heaven that he would ask God to let him run down into hell for shelter." There must be a change if you consider the future state. For how can enemies of God ever sit down at the banquet of the Lamb?

And to conclude, let me remind you—and it is in the text, after all—that this change must be worked by a power beyond your own. An enemy may possibly make himself a friend, but enmity cannot. If it is but an adjunct of his nature to be an enemy, he may change himself into a friend. But if it is the very essence of his existence to be enmity, positive enmity, enmity cannot change itself. No, there must be something done more than we can accomplish. This is just what is forgotten in these days. We must have more preaching of the Holy Spirit if we are to have more conversion work. I tell you, sirs, if you change yourselves and make yourselves better and better and better, a thousand times better, you will never be good enough for heaven! Till God's Spirit has laid His hand upon you, till He has renewed your heart, till He has purified your soul, till He has changed your entire spirit and made you a new

man—there can be no entering heaven. How seriously then should each person stand and think, “Here am I, a creature of a day, a mortal born to die, but yet an immortal! At present I am at enmity with God. What shall I do? Is it not my duty, as well as my happiness, to ask whether there is a way to be reconciled to God?”

O weary slaves of sin, are not your ways the paths of folly? Is it wisdom, O my fellow creatures, is it wisdom to hate your Creator? Is it wisdom to stand in opposition against Him? Is it prudent to despise the riches of His grace? If it is wisdom, it is hell’s wisdom! If it is wisdom, it is a wisdom that is folly with God! Oh, may God grant that you may turn unto Jesus with full purpose of heart! He is the Ambassador. It is He who can make peace through His blood. And though you came in here an enemy, it is possible you may go out through that door a friend, if you can but look to Jesus Christ, the brazen serpent that was lifted up!

And now, it may be, some of you are convinced of sin by the Holy Spirit. I will now proclaim to you the way of salvation. “As Moses lifted up the serpent in the wilderness, even so must the Son of Man be lifted up, that whoever believes in Him should not perish, but have eternal life” (John 3:14-15). Behold, O trembling penitent, the means of your deliverance! Turn your tearing eyes to yonder Mount of Calvary. I see the Victim of Justice—the Sacrifice of Atonement for your transgression! View the Savior in His agonies, with streams of blood purchasing your soul and with most

intense agonies enduring your punishment. He died for *you*, if now you confess your guilt! O come, you condemned one, self-condemned, turn your eyes this way, for one look will save! Sinner, you are bitten. Look! It is nothing but “Look!” It is simply, “Look!” If you can but look to Jesus, you are safe! Hear the voice of the Redeemer, “Look unto Me and be saved.” Look! Look! Look! O guilty souls—

Venture on Him, venture wholly,
Let no other trust intrude!
None but Jesus
Can do helpless sinners good!

Joseph Hart, *Hymns, &c. Composed on Various Subjects* (London: H. Trapp, 1777)

May my blessed Master help you to come to Him and draw you to His Son, for Jesus' sake. Amen and Amen.